

Global warming induced fish die-off in the Rhein 2018 and mitigation measures taken

Benefits of Dam Removal to Nature and People 06.05.2021





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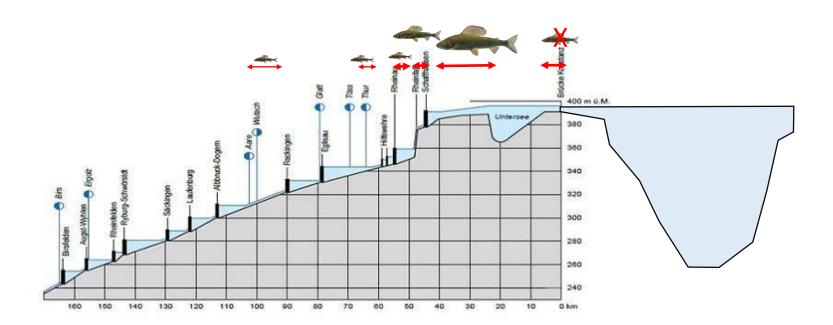
- The grayling population on River Rhine
- Heat wave 2018 and mitigations measures taken
- What do we know?





The grayling in the River Rhine

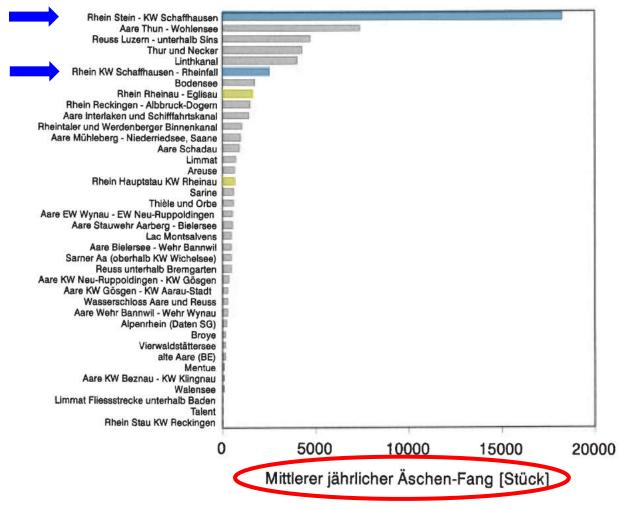
The grayling stock depends on free flowing rivers!





Graylingpopulations in Switzerland

Äschenpopulationen von nationaler Bedeutung (BAFU, 2002)

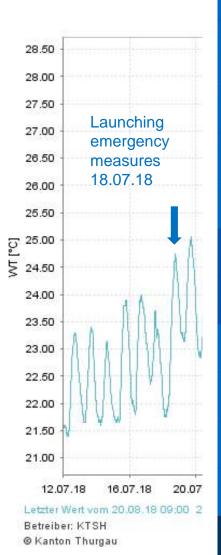


Chronology of heat wave 2018

(based on the experiences of heat wave in summer 2003)

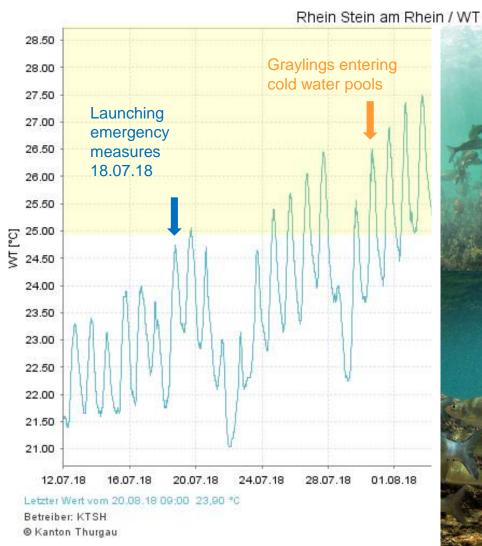


Chronology River Rhein



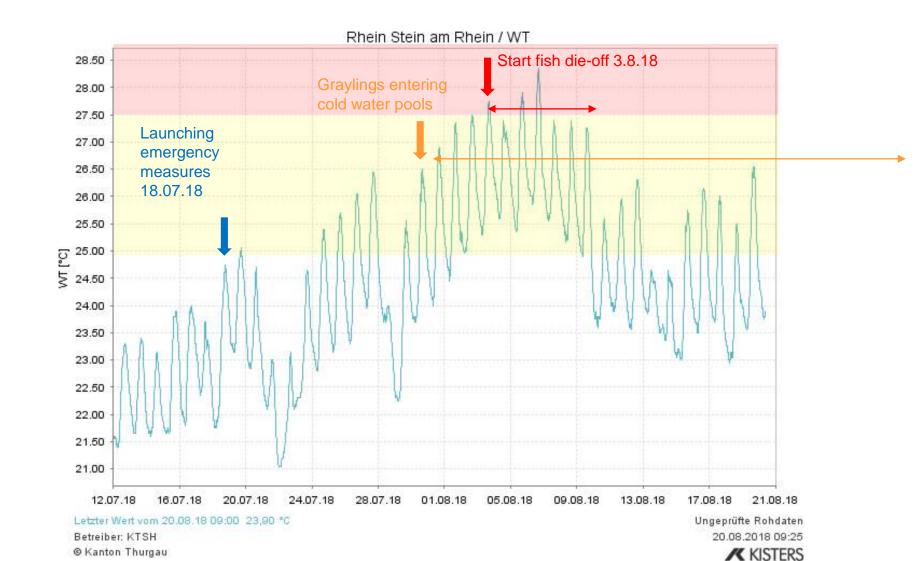
• III Swisscor	n 🗢	21:10		\$ 79% <u> </u>
	Schaffhausen			险
23./.	M	20°C	₫ 0.5mm	Kinyii
Di. 24.7.	**	16°C 31°C	* 11.9h ₫ 4% ₫ 0.0mm	₹ 7 km/h
Mi. 25.7.	**	17°C 29°C	*10.8h ₫ 5% ₫ 0.0mm	6 km/h
Do. 26.7.	**	18°C 30°C	* 10.3h ₫ 10% ₫ 0.0mm	3 7 km/h
Fr. 27.7.	**	19°C 30°C	* 9.9h ₫ 15% ₫ <0.1mm	6 km/h
Sa. 28.7.	**	19°C 30°C	* 9.7h ₫ 15% ₫ 0.0mm	€ 4 km/h
So. 29.7.	**	19°C 30°C	* 9.2h ₫ 15% ₫ <0.1mm	€ 6 km/h
Mo. 30.7.	**	19°C 30°C	* 9h ₫ 50% ₫ 0.7mm	7 km/h
Di. 31.7.	*	19°C 29°C	* 9.4h ₫ 20% ₫ 0.1mm	₹ 7 km/h
Mi. 1.8.	**	19°C 30°C	* 9.2h ₫ 15% ₫ <0.1mm	7 km/h
Do. 2.8.	**	19°C 30°C	* 9.4h ₫ 15% ₫ <0.1mm	6 km/h
₩ Wetter	C Favoriten	(A) Karten	Rad/Sat	●●● Mehr

Chronology River Rhein





Chronology River Rhein





The fishes choise on heat waves

Option for fish	Possible?	Experiences based on 2003	
Stay on your spot	Yes	Unlikly at water temperatures up to 28°C	
Migration to the lake	If possible	Probably, if cold and oxygenated water available. Migration back to the main river at high risk due to predation.	> €
Main river, looking for cold inlets	If available	Yes, but entering those mainly shallow spots with little shelter only short before die-off. High risk of predation, additional stress ect.	
Migration to tributaries	If possible	Yes, but strong species selection	>

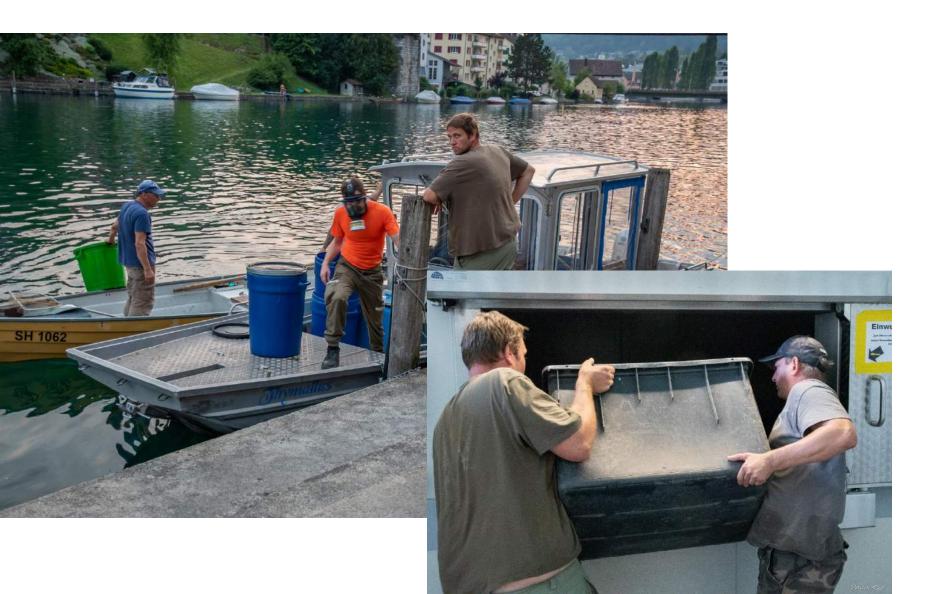
















Heat wave: 2003 2018

Disposed fish Fish composition: > 40′000 fish ≈ 17 tons

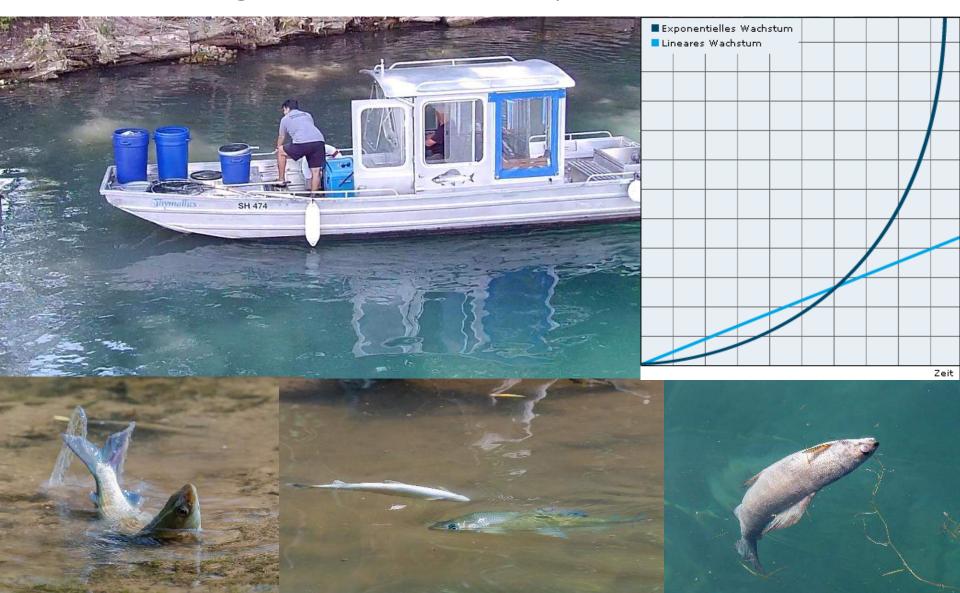
> 95% grayling, mostly 2+

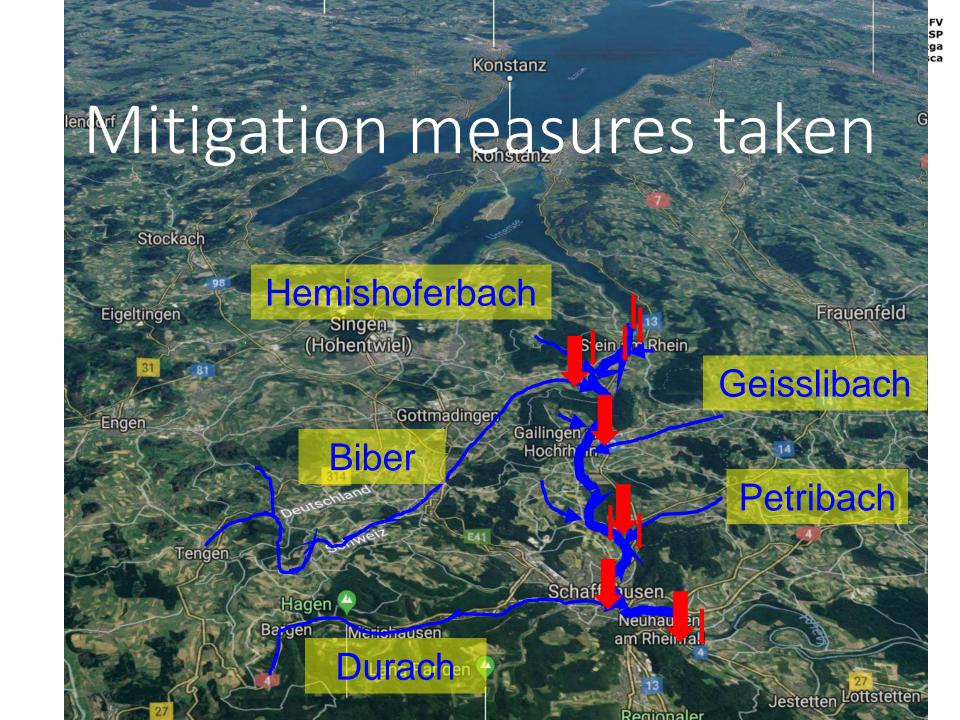
> 10′000 fish ≈ 3 tons

> 90% grayling, all age cohorts



Protecting fish - Basic concept for stock restoration







Create publicity and awareness



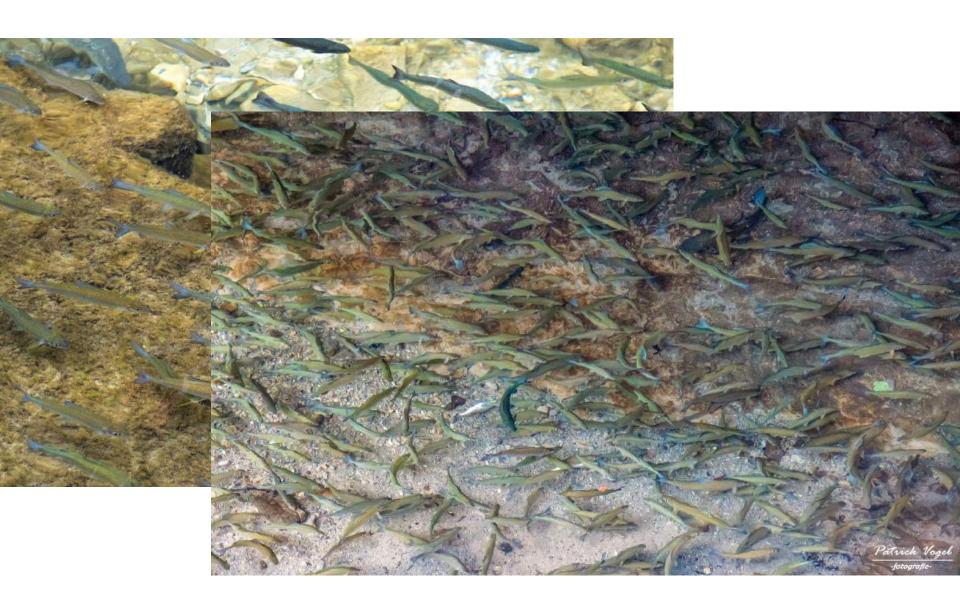


Stream «Durach»





Stream «Durach»

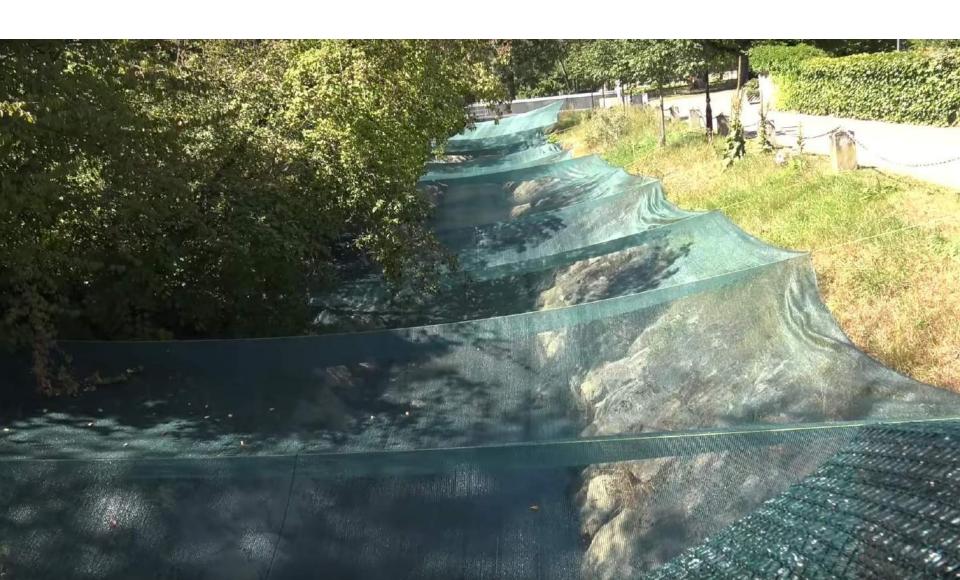


Stream «Durach»





Artifical shelter on Stream «Geisslibach»



Measures at Stream «Biber»





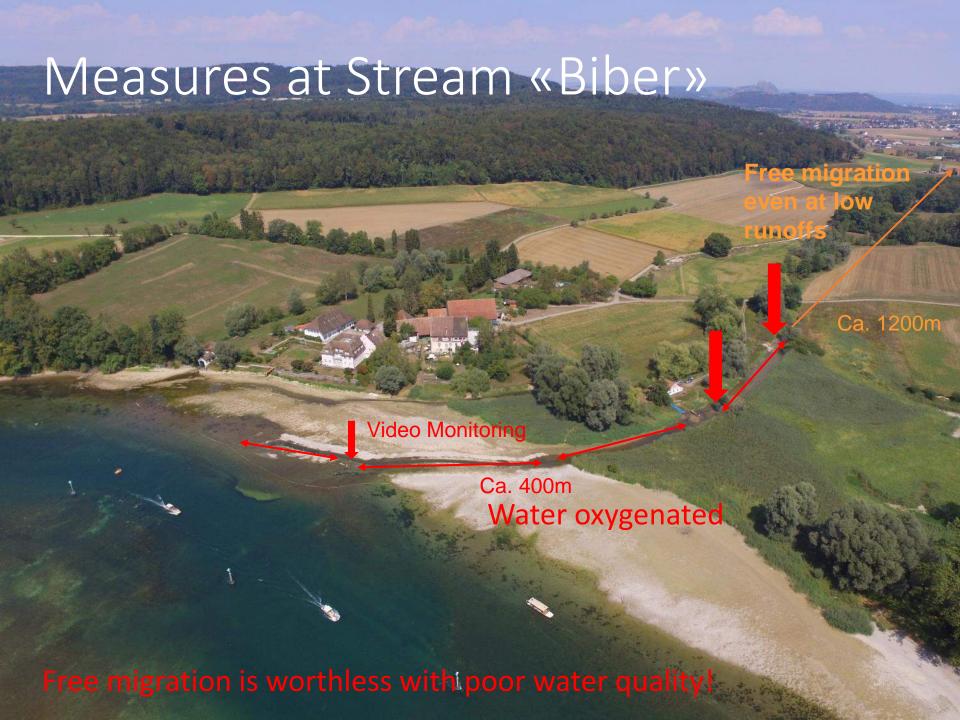
Measures at Stream «Biber»





Measures at Stream «Biber»

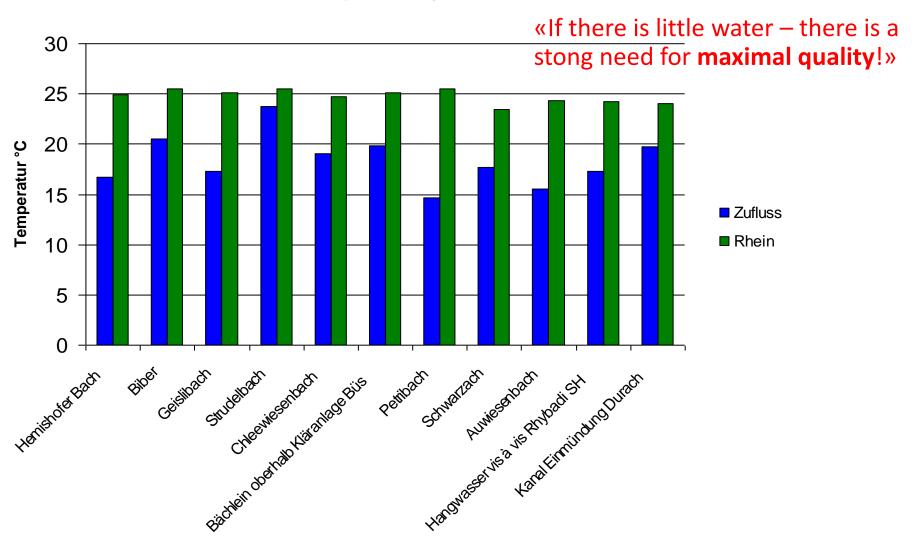






The importance of small steams

Wassertemperaturmessung am 20.08.2003













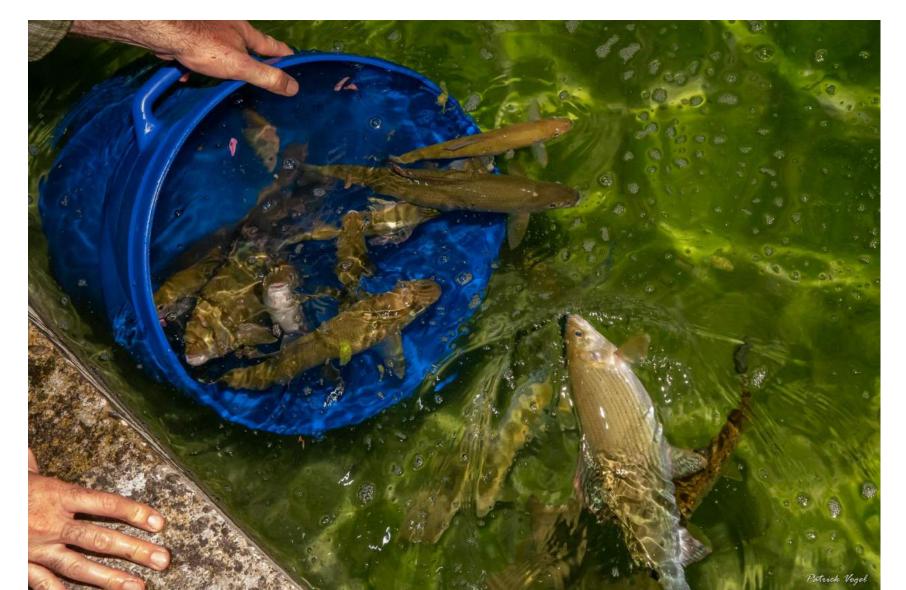








Evacuation – very last option





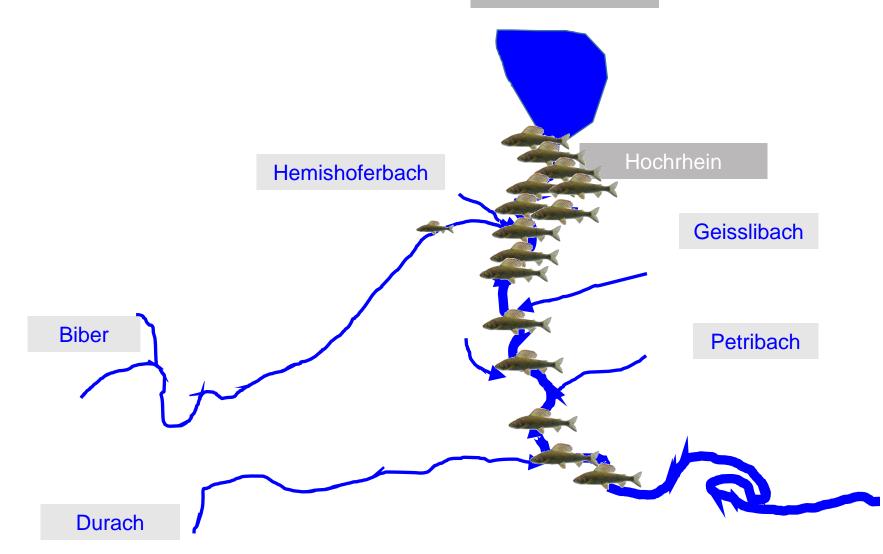
Measures to improve fish survial

Measure	Aim	What to do?	
Accumulate knowhow	Improving management	Taking measurement (temperature, oxygen saturation, rethink existing paths, documatition	
Publicity	Increase public awarness	Offensive communication! Media and infoboxes on the water	
Guard sensitive areas	Reduce stress	Marking spots an block access to publicity (no swimming, diving, boating etc.) Additional manmade shadding to reduce predation / stress	
Create artificial cold water areas	Optimal use of cold water	Avoid fast mixing of cold and warm water, man made large «holding pools» on inlets.	
Improve migration routes	Allow access to tributaries	Short term: digging channels – i.e. during low water conditions / Long term: dam removals + improvement of water quality	
Evacuation of warm water	Hope for survival	Relocate fish of spots with no or very little survival chance – the very, very last option	



Normal conditions

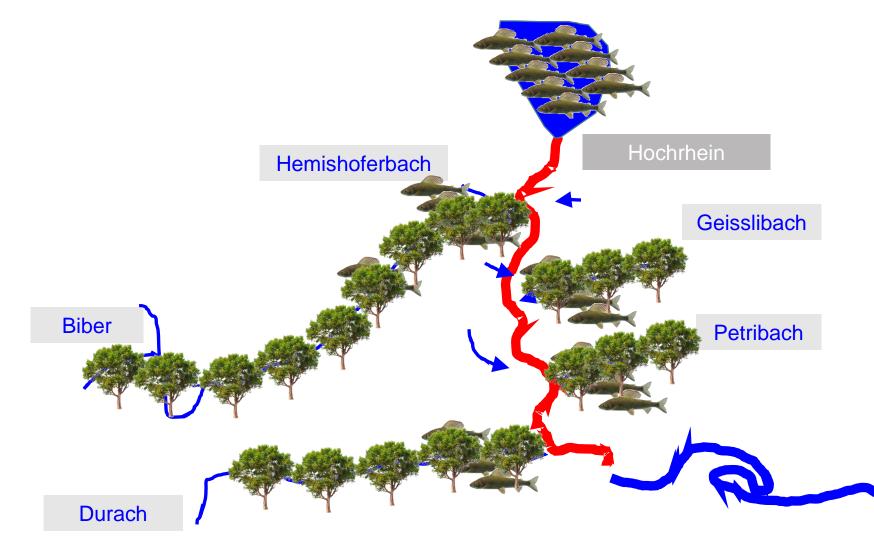
Seerheir





Heat wave

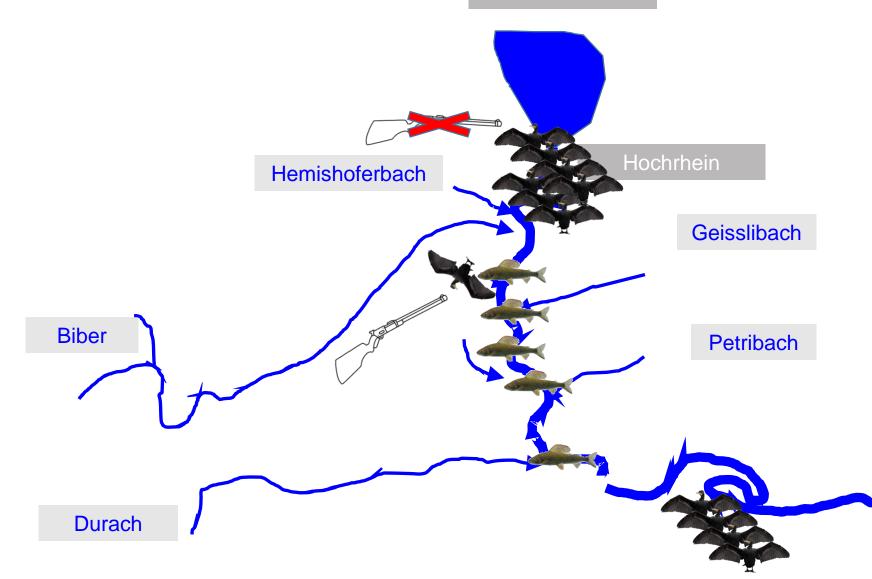
Seerhein





New reality

Seerheir





Conclusion

- Short term survival higher than 2003
- Long term survial and sucessful spawing unknown (bottle neck?)
- Importance of maximum protection to allow for recovery (predation)

Did we made difference??? Definitly in the people's mind, maybe even in the fish stock...





Grayling in cold spot

