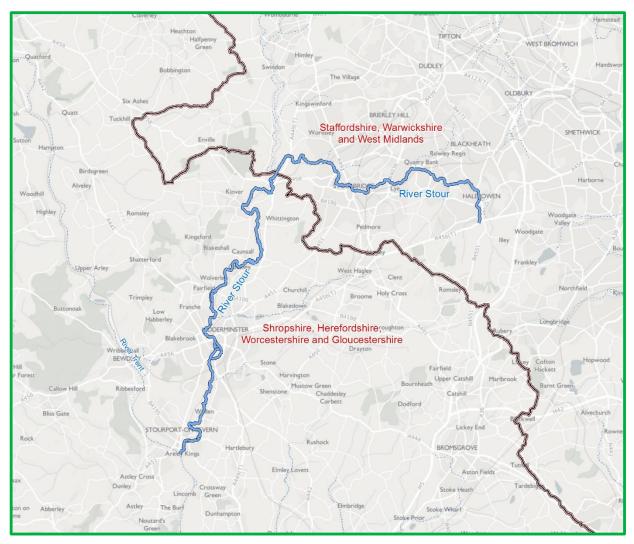
Salmon in the Stour "Headwaters to Confluence"

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West Midlands Stour





Brief history.....

- Industrial Revolution reputedly more industry per mile than <u>any other river in the country</u> (upper section affectionately referred to as the Black Country)
- Dammed to form mill pools
- Diverted to operate mills
- Straightened / culverted / impounded
- Considered 'devoid' of wildlife c. 1900
- Seen as a means of conveyance for waste
- In short, about as 'urban' as it gets!



"There's no fish in ere' mate!





Main issues





What does the data tell us?

Salmon in the Stour

WFD Failures

9

Fertiliser & Soil runoff, Plumbing & Drainage Misconnections, Sewage Works

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Plumbing & Drainage Misconnections, Sewage Works

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Fertiliser & Soil runoff, Sewage Works

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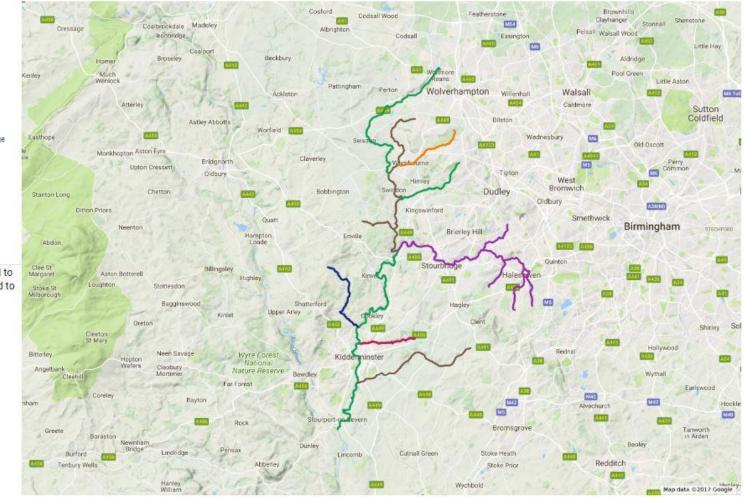
Fertiliser & Soil runoff, Plumbing & Drainage Misconnections, Sewage Works

Investigation ongoing

Plumbing & Drainage

Misconnections A collection of layers used to map out key issues related to

map out key issues related to the Salmon on the Stour Project.





Justification and why Salmon?

- Fish aren't a reason for failure presumably failing (lack of site and species data)?
- Key indicator of a healthy ecosystem
- Relatable to non fishy / ecology people
- In short must be doing something right if they are present!



Salmon, Stour, same sentence....?





Good news....they are already here!

	Atlantic		Brook	Brown / sea	
Site	salmon	Barbel	lamprey	trout	в
Kidderminster SO8250073800					
1991					
2000		2		4	
2002				4	
2003				10	
2004	2	1		6	
2005		3		23	
2008		2		2	
2011				13	
Wilden SO8240072800 (2004) SO8181872352 (2005)					
1991					
2000		2		1	
2002		2		1	
2004	5	1		1	
2005	1	1		4	

Fish Lengths							
132	146						
137	136	121	127	135			
134							



Bad news....we can't go home!





So, what's the solution?

Salmon in the Stour and its tributaries for working with commun opportunities for impr number of small habit The project (a partner Trust for Birmingham and the Severn Rivers which includes the Sto join it along its route. The project is in the ea build-up a picture of w future. Here in the Bla watercourses including well as the Stour itself In the long-term we w habitat for threatened spread of invasive spe people and celebrate

An opp

oday the river poor habitat

Rowley F

elbroug

TRUSTS Birmingham & Black Country

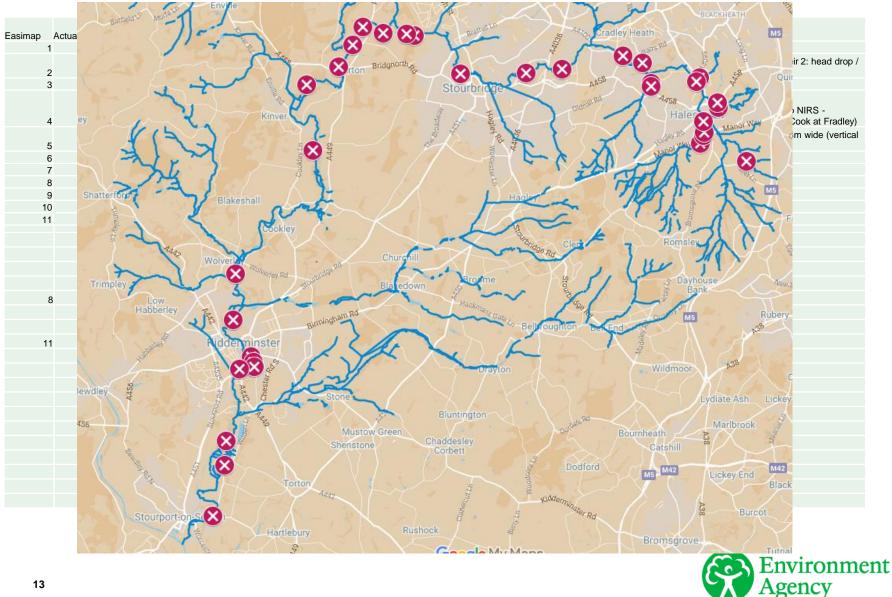


What has the partnership delivered?

- 19 sampling sites to gap fill existing water quality knowledge (13 parameters)
- Barriers to fish migration walkover and landowner mapping
- Delivery of a "quick win" on the ground
- Secure funding to move the project forward



Do we know everything?



Weirs – preaching to the converted!





Weirs – things to consider

- Ownership
- Funding
- Heritage / Listed status
- Flooding
- Prioritisation barriers assessment
- Options outside of removal?
- Stakeholder concerns
- Not delivering on the promise of improvement (short term anyway) <u>a difficult message</u>



What is the plan <u>now</u>?

- Formalised a partnership
 - Project manager in post / point of contact
 - Review new data
 - Identify main constraints to Salmon in the Stour approach – 'showstoppers'
 - Generate a prioritised <u>4 year activity plan</u>
- Deliver quick wins be opportunistic!
- Identify long term funding opportunities



What is a 4 year activity plan?

- Community / Partner engagement
- Not just about weir removal!
 - Road run off
 - Misconnections
 - Suspect discharges
- Improved habitat connectivity
- Habitat creation / improvement
- Natural flood management
- Citizen science



Quick win – Devils Den weir





Quick win – case study

- Low head weir downstream of EA asset (0.7km)
- Upstream of CRT asset (even closer)
- Downstream of privately owned bridge (even closer still)
- Not listed
- Privately owned
- Reach not actively fished
- Original purpose? i.e. who will come looking for me when its removed?!



What was needed?

- Landowner permission!
- Funding!
- Stakeholder consultation
- Baseline data!
- Topographical survey / services search
- Desk based heritage assessment
- WFD compliance assessment
- Hydraulic modelling
- Environmental Permit (replacing FRA)
- Low Risk impoundment assessment



Cost and what next....?

- £12.7k excluding staff time begs the question; can we tackle the rest for less than £1 million??? (one element of a much bigger project)
- Promotion and engagement (who else can work with us?)
- Detailed barriers assessment
- Engaging water companies / other industry that has an impact on the catchment
- Identify BIG funding opportunities FCRM?



Questions?



